

① Let M be an R -module. Define

$$M[X] = \{m_0 + m_1 X + \dots + m_n X^n \mid m_i \in M, n \in \mathbb{N}\}.$$

Show that $M[X]$ is an $R[X]$ -module in a natural way.

Prove that $M[X] \cong R[X] \otimes_R M$.

② Let P be a prime ideal in R . Show that $P[X]$ (as above) is a prime ideal in $R[X]$. If M is a maximal ideal of R , is $M[X]$ maximal in $R[X]$?

③ Let $0 \rightarrow M' \rightarrow M \rightarrow M'' \rightarrow 0$ be an exact sequence of R -modules. If M' and M'' are finitely generated, show that so is M .

④ Let M be a finitely generated R -module and $\varphi: M \rightarrow R^n$ be a surjective morphism. Show that $\ker \varphi$ is finitely generated.

⑤ Let $f: R \rightarrow S$ be a ring morphism and let N be an S -module. Regard N as an R -module ($r \cdot n := f(r)n$). Now form the S -module $N_S = S \otimes_R N$. Show that the morphism $g: N \rightarrow N_S$ mapping y to $1 \otimes y$ is injective and that $g(N)$ is a direct summand of N_S .

⑥ Let M be a Noetherian R -module. Show that $M[X]$ (see Ex 1) is a Noetherian $R[X]$ -module.

⑦ Let R be a ring. Define $R_n[X] := \{\text{all polynomials of degree } \leq n\}$. Show that $R_n[X]$ is an R -module $\forall n \geq 1$, and also, $R_n[X] \cong R_{n-1}[X]$ as R -modules.

① let M be an R -module. Define

$$\text{ann}(M) := \{a \in R \mid am = 0 \ \forall m \in M\}.$$

Show that: $\text{ann}(M)$ is an ideal of R .

Further, M is an R/I -module for any ideal $I \subseteq \text{ann}(M)$.

② let M be a Noetherian R -module. Prove that $R/\text{ann}(M)$ is a Noetherian ring.

③ Show that the R -submodules of M are in one to one correspondence with the $R/\text{ann}(M)$ -submodules of M .

④ Give an example of a ring R and a finitely gen'd R -module M such that M has a submodule N that is not finitely generated.

⑤ Give example of R -modules M_1, M_2 and submodules N_1 of M_1 , N_2 of M_2 such that $N_1 \otimes_R N_2$ is not a submodule of $M_1 \otimes_R M_2$.

⑥ let R, S be commutative rings, P be an R - S bimodule, M be an R -module and N be an S -module.

$$\text{Prove that } (M \otimes_R P) \otimes_S N \cong M \otimes_R (P \otimes_S N)$$

⑦ let R be a commutative ring, $I \subseteq R$ be an ideal, M, N be R -modules. Prove that

$$M/IM \otimes_{R/I} N/IN \cong (M \otimes_R N) / I(M \otimes_R N)$$